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RexDraw

User guide

REX Controls s.r.o.

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# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Starting RexDraw	3
1.2	Working Area	3
1.3	Application Modes	4
1.4	Main menu	4
1.4.1	File	4
1.4.2	Edit	5
1.4.3	View	6
1.4.4	Compiler	6
1.4.5	Target	6
1.4.6	Project	7
1.4.7	Tools	7
1.4.8	Settings	7
1.4.9	Window	8
1.4.10	Help	8
<b>2</b>	<b>Function blocks</b>	<b>9</b>
2.1	Using Function Blocks	9
2.2	Block Properties	9
2.3	Common Block Properties	10
2.4	Connecting Blocks	10
2.5	Persistent memory	12
2.6	Function Blocks Reference	13
<b>3</b>	<b>Communication with a Target</b>	<b>14</b>
3.1	Project Compilation	14
3.2	Downloading Configuration	14
3.3	License Activation	15
3.4	Online Monitoring and Diagnostics	16
3.4.1	Monitoring signals	17
3.4.2	Viewing trends	18
3.4.3	Viewing System Log	18
3.4.4	Diagnostics	19

<b>4</b>	<b>Human-Machine Interface</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Stand-alone Tools</b>	<b>21</b>
5.1	RexView . . . . .	21
5.2	RexHMI Designer . . . . .	21
<b>6</b>	<b>Supported Operating Systems</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Keyboard Shortcuts</b>	<b>23</b>
	<b>Bibliography</b>	<b>26</b>

# Chapter 1

## Introduction

The **RexDraw** application is a graphical tool designed for a creation of real-time control algorithms with the support of a large function block library of the **REX** Control System [1]. A developer may utilize many function blocks from simple comparators and timers to advanced and specialized blocks designated for analog signal processing and regulation. There are various specialized regulators including PID regulators with automatic tuning of parameters. Any algorithm developed in the **RexDraw** may be instantly compiled and downloaded into arbitrary target device (Linux IPC, WinPAC, Raspberry Pi etc.). After the algorithm is successfully compiled and downloaded to the target device, it is possible to switch **RexDraw** to a "Watch" mode in which all parameters and variables of all function blocks may be inspected or adjusted. A connection may be established locally or over Internet using standard protocol IPv4 or IPv6. A secure connection over SSL protocol is supported.

A detailed documentation for function block library may be opened at any time with the F1 key. The documentation is installed automatically in the default setup configuration and we advise not to uncheck it.

### 1.1 Starting RexDraw

The **RexDraw** development tool may be started without any parameters by double-clicking on its icon in a start menu of Windows. The main window of **RexDraw** consists of four main parts: a main menu (1), a toolbar (2), a working area (3) and a statusbar (4). There may be several files opened in the working area simultaneously. A name of opened and active file is shown in the title of **RexDraw** main window with an asterisk when there are unsaved modifications.

### 1.2 Working Area

A working area is a main area where windows with opened project files are placed. Files with function block diagram have a file name extension **.mdl**. A zoom operation is supported in a function block diagram editor. Zoom in/out operations may be performed

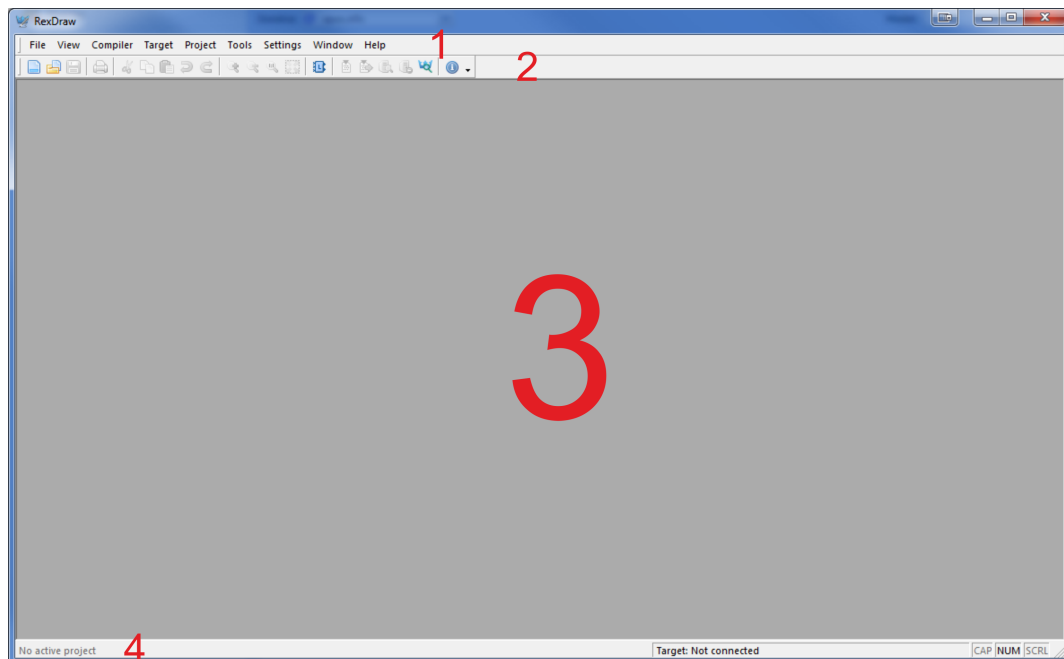


Figure 1.1: Main Window of RexDraw

using a mouse wheel while keeping the **Ctrl** key pressed, clicking on those commands in the menu or in the toolbar and also by pressing the keys **F2** and **F3**.

## 1.3 Application Modes

The application provides two modes: a design mode and a watch mode. An algorithm is developed in the design mode by drawing function block diagram on the canvas and by configuring function block parameters. The application may or may not be connected to a target device.

When connected to the target, the application may be switched to the watch mode. In the watch mode, the developed application can't be modified. Instead, the function block diagram serves as a diagnostic interface to the running algorithm. User may inspect all signals, parameters, trends and detailed diagnostics of the target.

## 1.4 Main menu

### 1.4.1 File

The File menu provides commands which are connected with files.

- *New*: Creates a new file

- *Open*: Opens an existing file
- *Close*: Closes an active file
- *Save*: Saves an active file
- *Save as*: Saves an active file under a new name
- *Save all*: Saves all opened files
- *Export*: Exports an active file to SVG format
- *Generate Web Watch files*: Creates WebWatch in in a directory specified by a user
- *Set as main*: Selects an active file as a main project file
- *Print*: Prints an active file
- *Print Preview*: Shows print preview before printing
- *Print Setup*: Shows printing options
- *Exit*: Closes all files and exits RexDraw

#### 1.4.2 Edit

The Edit menu provides commands which are connected with objects and function blocks.

- *Undo*: Discards last editing operation.
- *Redo*: Restores discarded operation.
- *Select All*: Selects all object in an active window.
- *Cut*: Cuts selected objects.
- *Copy*: Copies selected objects into a clipboard.
- *Paste*: Pastes objects from a clipboard.
- *Properties*: Shows properties of selected objects.
- *Subsystem mask*: Shows a mask of a subsystem.
- *Look under mask*: Opens a selected subsystem in a new windows.
- *Create subsystem*: Create a new subsystem from selected blocks.

### 1.4.3 View

The View menu provides commands and operations with RexDraw windows and working area.

- *Toolbar*: Show/hides the main toolbar.
- *Statusbar*: Shows/hides the statusbar.
- *Zoom in*: Zoom into in an active window.
- *Zoom out*: Zoom out in an active window.
- *Zoom to 100* : Shows an active windows in default zoom scale.
- *Zoom to fit*: Shows an active windows that all object fit to the screen.
- *Block Library*: Opens a library with with function blocks.
- *Block Library on top*: Ensures that block library window is always visible.

### 1.4.4 Compiler

The Compiler menu provides commands for project compilation.

- *Compile*: Compiles an active project into binary configuration.
- *Compile and Download*: Compiles an active project and downloads the binary configuration into specified target if compilation is successful.
- *Compile window*: Shows a window with all messages from last compilation.

### 1.4.5 Target

The Target menu provides commands and operation for communication with a target device, signal monitoring and detailed on-line diagnostics. Some commands are available only after a connection with a target device is established.

- *Connect*: Connects to a target device. The user is asked for target address and connection options. The application remains in design mode.
- *Toggle Watch Mode*: Switches between design and watch mode. A connection to the target must be established before the watch mode may be activated. The application remains connected to the target even if switched back to design mode and all data acquisition tasks continue in background.
- *Disconnect*: Disconnects from a target device and switches to design mode.
- *Monitor selection*: Starts monitoring of blocks that are selected.
- *Exclude selection*: Stops monitoring of blocks that are selected.

- *Signal tree*: Shows an advanced options for signal monitoring.
- *Check Parameter Changes*: User may check parameter changes made in the watch mode anytime until the watch mode is left. User may apply such changes back to the drawing or discards them.
- *Identify*: Shows target version and identification parameters of running configuration.
- *Show System log*: Downloads and shows messages from a system log on a target device.
- *Configure System Log*: Shows a dialog for configuration of system log on a target device.
- *Diagnostics*: Shows a window with detailed diagnostics of a target device. The window is very similar to the RexView diagnostic tool.
- *Change password*: Shows a dialog in which a password of a current user may be changed.
- *Licensing*: Shows a dialog in which active licensed options are shown and a user may eventually add or modify licensing keys.

#### 1.4.6 Project

- *New Project from Template*: Opens a dialog with all available examples and templates in the REX Control System. A user may start developing a new application by creating a new project from one of these templates.

#### 1.4.7 Tools

The Tool menu is a shortcut for launching another tools from the REX Control System.

- *RexView*: Launches RexView, a diagnostic tool for detailed inspection of running algorithm on a target device.
- *Cam Editor*: Launches an editor for cam profiles and curves.
- *SFC Editor*: Launches an editor for state automaton.
- *RexHMI Designer* Launches a RexHMI Designer, a tool for a simple creation of web-based Human-Machine interface.

#### 1.4.8 Settings

Dialogs with global and diagnostics options are accessible within the Settings menu.



### 1.4.9 Window

The Window menu offers operations for an arrangement of opened windows.

### 1.4.10 Help

- *Function blocks manual*: Shows a detailed documentation for the all function blocks that are available in the REX Control System.
- *Examples*: Shows all available examples and templates.
- *Documentation*: Shows a documentation to the REX Control System.
- *About RexDraw*: Shows a version information about the RexDraw.

## Chapter 2

# Function blocks

All function blocks of the REX Control System are described in the reference manual [1].

### 2.1 Using Function Blocks

All function blocks that are available in the REX Control System and that may be added into a function block diagram are accessible within a function block library dialog that is shown from menu *View/Block Library* or by **Ctrl+L** shortcut. The blocks are categorized into several groups by their intended purpose. A user may search for a specified function block by typing a name or a part of a name. The searching is performed only in a single library if the library is selected. A block is added to the diagram by simple drag and drop operation. Both the symbol of a block and then name of a block may be dragged.

### 2.2 Block Properties

All block properties are modifiable from the properties dialog. The dialog is invoked by the **Ctrl+E** shortcut, by selecting *Edit/Properties* from the menu or by double-clicking on the block in design mode. Dimensions of a block on the canvas may be changed with a mouse by first clicking on the block a then dragging any of highlighted corners. A block may be moved by mouse or by keyboard arrows while the block is selected. The block may be rotated using the **Ctrl+R** shortcut.

Properties that may be modified by a user:

- The *Block* tab: a block name, a block orientation, parameters,
- The *Arrays* tab: array parameters,
- The *Font* tab: a font type, a style, a size,
- The *Colors* tab: a font color, a background color.

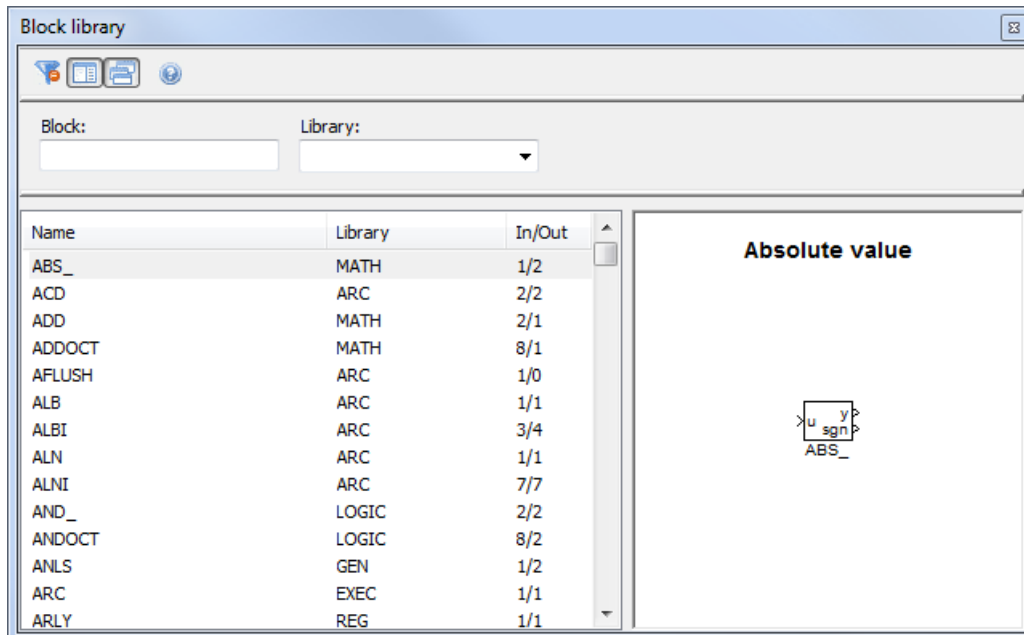


Figure 2.1: Function block library

## 2.3 Common Block Properties

It is possible to modify common block properties by selecting several block at once. Such a multi-selection is performed by selecting arbitrary blocks one-by-one while keeping the **Shift** key pressed or by selecting an arbitrary area with a mouse while the left mouse button is pressed.

Properties may be edited using the property dialog by pressing **Ctrl+E** or by selecting *Edit/Properties* from the menu after arbitrary blocks are selected.

Only parameters that are common to all selected blocks may be edited in such a way. Other properties must be edited manually.

## 2.4 Connecting Blocks

To build a control algorithm the blocks have to be put onto the drawing canvas of a diagram, their input and outputs interconnected and their parameters adjusted. It is expected that the user is familiar with the Function Block Diagram (FBD) graphical language for programmable logic controllers.

The blocks are connected by so-called *connection lines* or *links*. A *link* has always a single source and one or more destinations. A source may be any block output and a destination is any block input. It is not possible to connect two outputs together. A warning is shown during compilation when a source or destination of a *link* is not connected.

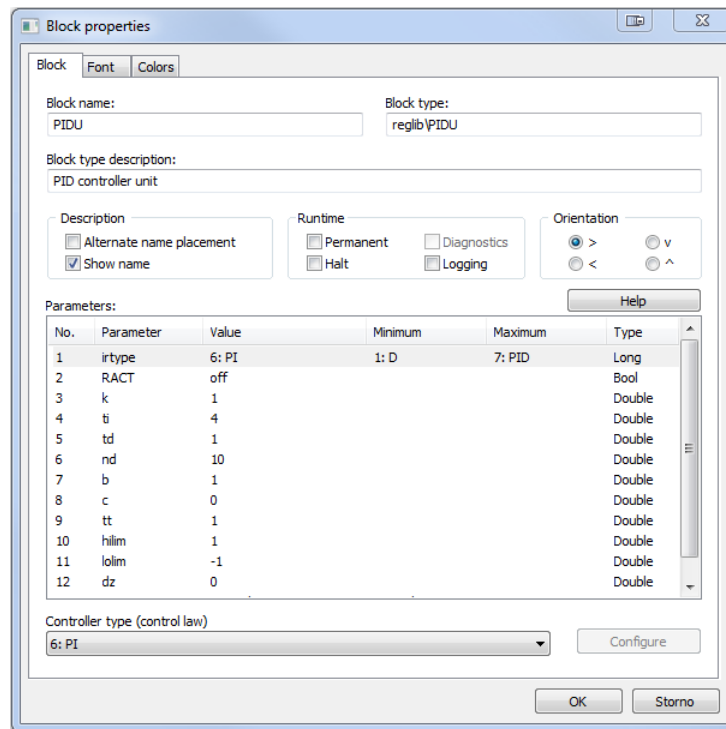


Figure 2.2: Block Properties

A links are created using the mouse by clicking on any input or output pin and holding the button pressed while moving towards another pin. A red dashed line is show until the final pin is reached. When the final pin is reached, a green bold line is shown. The *line* becomes a standard *link* after the mouse button is released.

A branch may be created by right clicking on any point of an existing *link*. A *link* may be deleted by pressing the **Delete** key when the link is selected. A *link* may be disconnected from a pin by right clicking on the pin and selecting *Break/Disconnect line* from the context menu.

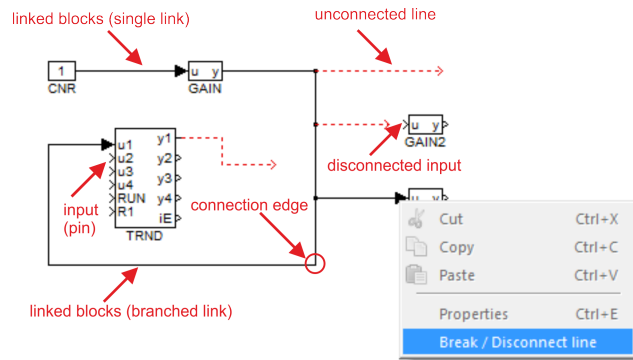


Figure 2.3: Connection Between Blocks

## 2.5 Persistent memory

REX Control System supports permanent storage of function block parameters and some specified function block internal states. Persistent memory performance is target platform specific. If the target platform does not have any supported persistent memory available, the permanent parameters will be stored to the `permem.dat` file by default (to the same directory as `exec.rex` is stored - `\rex\rexcore` on Linux machines or `C:\ProgramData\REXControls\REX_<version>\RexCore\`).

Persistent memory is internally limited by maximum 2048 bytes per function block (possible problems can come in using long strings).

In order to store the function block parameters, the checkbox **Permanent** in block properties must be checked - see Fig. 2.2. All function block parameters and some internally selected block states will be stored (excluding arrays). Internally selected block states list:

- INTE:x
- SINT:x
- COUNT:cnt0

Default save period is 300 s or the period is inherited from the first hard drive archive if present.

The persistent memory can be reseted or cleaned up using Download Dialog - see Fig. 3.1. Switch Download option in Download Dialog to **Expert** mode and choose between **Reset persistent memory** or **Cleanup persistent memory**. **Reset persistent memory** will replace entire persistent memory however **Cleanup persistent memory** will erase just the parameters which are not used any more.

*Be aware that the block parameters will be overwritten with the ones stored in persistent memory immediately after swapping executives if the **Permanent** option is enabled for the function block.*

## 2.6 Function Blocks Reference

A detailed description of a block that is selected is invoked by the **F1** key or by selecting the *Help* from its context menu. A HTML documentation is opened by default. If the HTML documentation is not availabl (it was deselected during installation), **RexDraw** tries to open a PDF documentation and a user must scroll down to the arbitrary block manually.

## Chapter 3

# Communication with a Target

A project must be compiled and the resulting binary configuration has to be downloaded into the target device in order to put a control algorithm into operation. Both actions are performed directly from the **RexDraw** development tool.

### 3.1 Project Compilation

After an algorithm is designed, it is necessary to validate its structure, device configurations and block interconnections by a process called *compilation*. The *compilation* results in a creation of a binary file called *binary configuration* which may be downloaded into a target device. The *binary configuration* is a platform/target independent file format with a **.rex** file name extension. The format of the *binary configuration* is optimized for fast-processing on a target device and has several consistency check mechanisms.

Warnings and errors may occur during a compilation. All warnings, errors and other various informational messages are print into the compiler console. A warning does not cause a termination of the compile process. But it should be observed carefully as it may probably indicate a problem that may lead into an unexpected behavior of the algorithm. All errors are treated as serious problems and cause a termination of the compiling process and no *binary configuration* is produced. All errors and warnings are indicated by theirs respective numbers and textual information message.

A *compilation* is started from the *Compiler* menu. A project is compiled by selecting *Compiler/Compile* from the menu, clicking on the icon on the toolbar or using the **F5** shortcut.

### 3.2 Downloading Configuration

A configuration is downloaded into the target device by selecting *Compiler/Compile and Download* from the menu, clicking on the icon on the toolbar or using the **F6** shortcut.

A compilation of a project into a *binary configuration* is always performed before it is downloaded into the target device to ensure consistency. If an error occurs during the compilation, a compiler window is shown and the download operation is not available.

A user must fix all errors indicated by the compiler before he or she may process with the download.

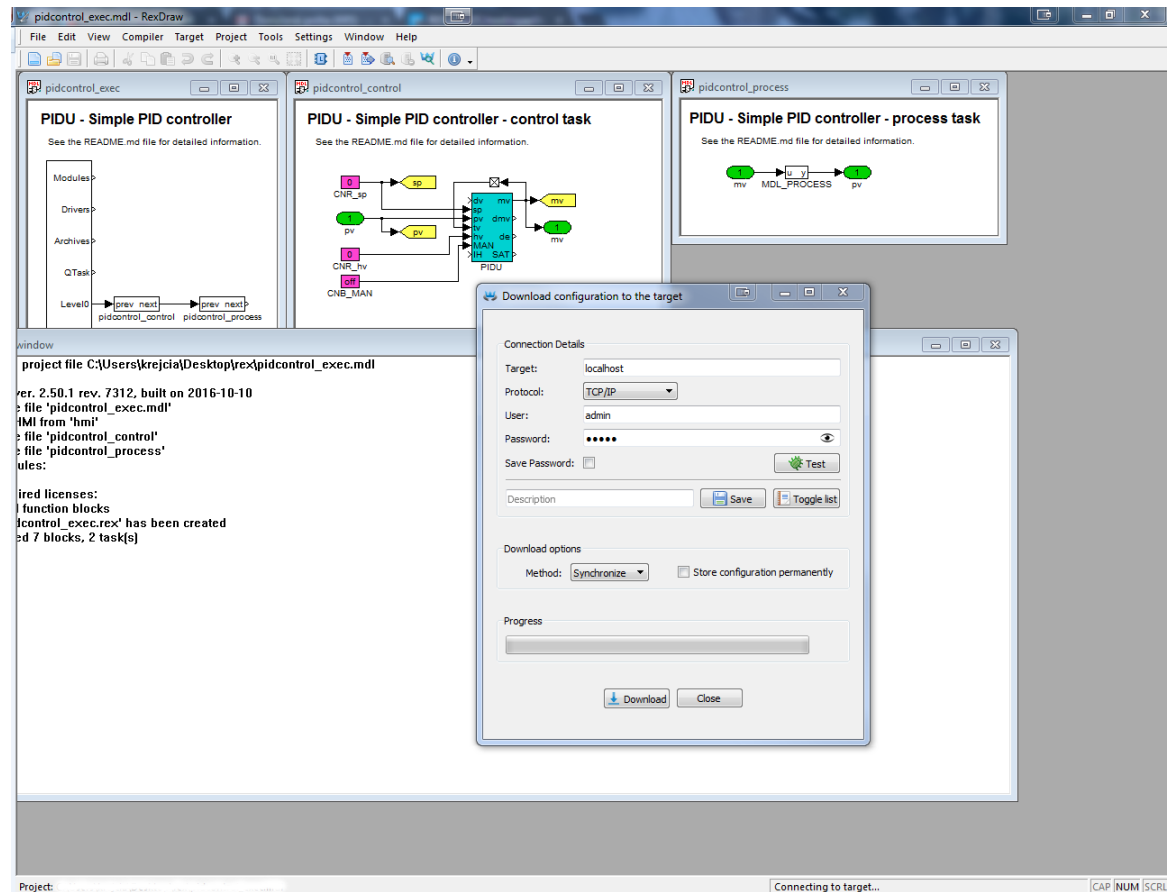


Figure 3.1: Project Compilation and Download Dialog

### 3.3 License Activation

Before a binary configuration may be downloaded and activated the target has to be properly licensed. For a permanent target operation a full target license must be obtained from the REX Controls company. A DEMO license is available for experiments and development. A DEMO license may be obtained directly from the RexDraw application while connecting to unlicensed target. A user may also get the DEMO license from the web page of the REX Controls company.

An information dialog about licensing is shown while connecting to an unlicensed target (figure 3.2). A user has the following three options:

*Get DEMO License:* Select this option if you want to obtain a DEMO license directly



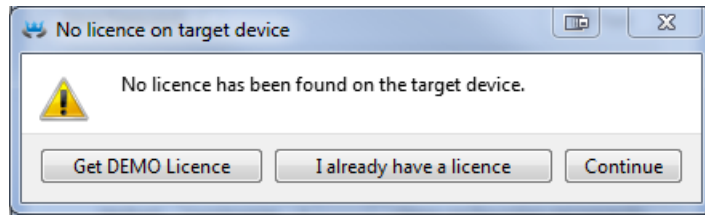


Figure 3.2: Missing License Notification

by filling-in name and email address to which a licensing key is sent (figure 3.3).

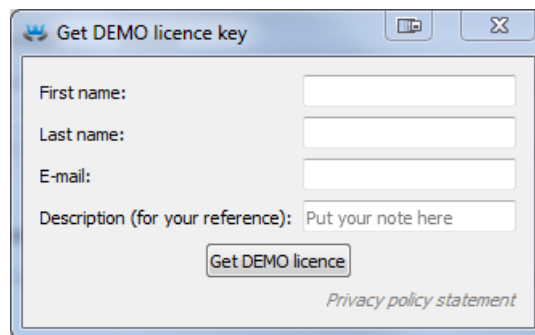


Figure 3.3: DEMO License Dialog

*I already have a license:* Select this option if you already have a valid license and you want to submit a licensing key into target device. (figure 3.4).

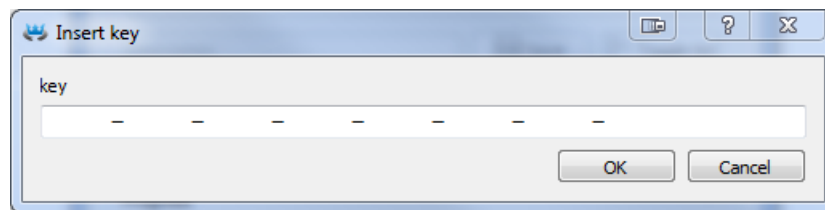


Figure 3.4: Insertion of a Licensing Key

*Continue:* Select this option if you want to continue without licensing the target. But be aware that most of its functionality is not available in an unlicensed mode.

### 3.4 Online Monitoring and Diagnostics

A comprehensive diagnostic tool is now integrated directly into the RexDraw development tool. All the diagnostic functionality that was previously accessible only from the RexView

diagnostic tool is now also available from the **RexDraw**.

Before using the diagnostic tool, a binary configuration must be successfully downloaded into the target device, loaded and started. For information about downloading a binary configuration into the target device see the section 3.2.

A diagnostic tool in **RexDraw** may be used only when there is an on-line connection established with the target device. The connection is established by clicking on *Target/Connect* from the menu, clicking on the icon on the toolbar or using the **F7** shortcut. The connection may also be established after a binary configuration is downloaded into the target device and a dialog is shown in which a user is asked if the on-line connection with the target should be preserved and so-called *Watch* mode should be activated.

A *Watch* mode is indicated by a gray background of all windows with function block diagrams. It is not possible to add, delete or move function block or connections between blocks in the *Watch* mode. Instead, a user may inspect signals of all block inputs, outputs and parameters and observe all signal values in real-time with a refresh period that may be adjusted in the settings dialog and which is one second by default. This is a so-called *Signal Monitoring*.

### 3.4.1 Monitoring signals

It would be inefficient and bandwidth-consuming if all signals were monitored immediately when the *Watch* mode is activated. For that reason, only the **DISPLAY** blocks are monitored automatically. A user has to switch other function blocks into a so-called *Monitoring State* if he or she wants to monitor signals of that blocks.

When a block is in the *Monitoring State*, all input and output values are displayed beside corresponding pin of a monitored block. A block is added to the *Monitoring State* by selecting *Target/Monitor Selection* from the menu or using the **Ctrl+W** shortcut. A block is removed from the *Monitoring State* by selecting *Target/Exclude Selection* from the menu or using the **Ctrl+Shift+W** shortcut.

The values of parameters are shown in a floating yellow window when a user locates the mouse cursor over a function block. Parameters may also be inspected and adjusted from the on-line block properties dialog that is invoked by pressing **Ctrl+E**. Be careful when modifying the values of parameters as changes are immediately committed to the target when the *OK* or *Apply* button is clicked.

A dialog that allows to transfer all changes to the parameters made in the *Watch* mode back to the drawing is displayed before disconnecting from the target device. A user may accept or discard changes to all parameters individually. This simplifies an effort to keep a project synchronized with the run-time configuration.

A user should always observe a right part of the statusbar where a state of the connection with the target device is indicated. A green color indicates that connection has been successfully established and the data is communicated periodically without any errors. A red color indicates that the connection with the target device has been unexpectedly closed or an error occurred during the data exchange.

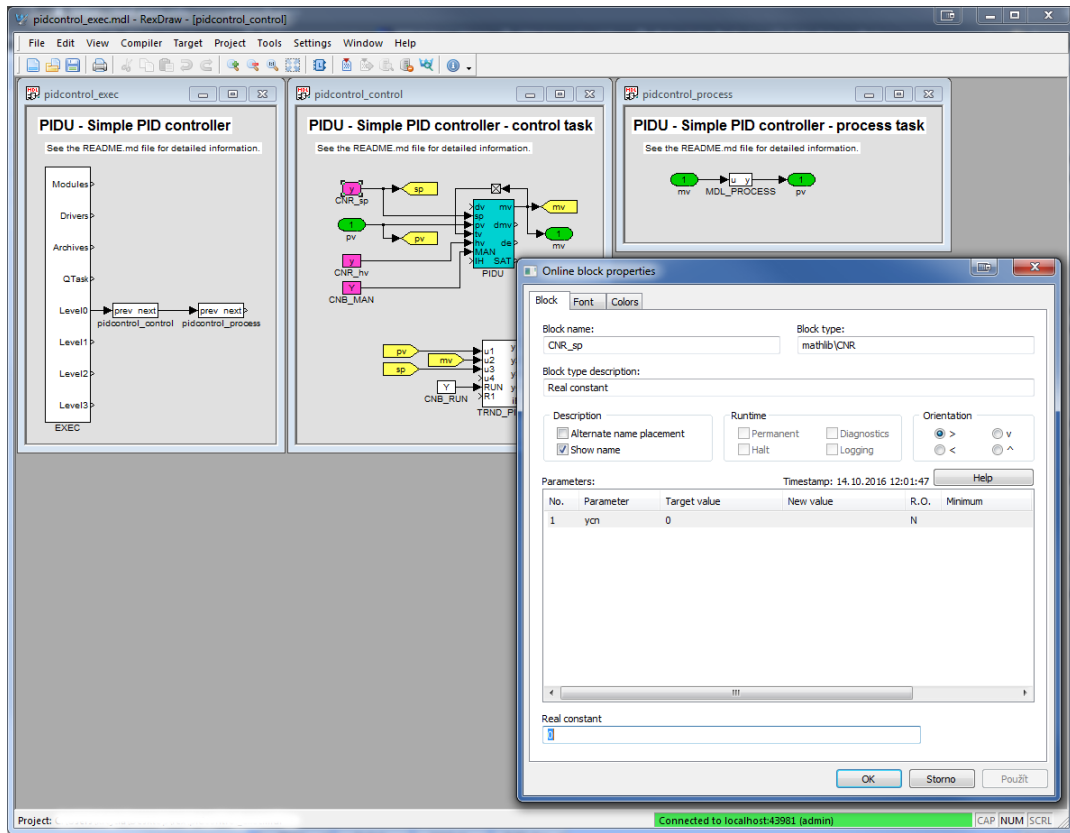


Figure 3.5: Monitoring and Diagnostics in the Watch Mode

### 3.4.2 Viewing trends

The blocks **TRND** and **TRNDV** are available in the **REX** Control System to monitor signals over a period of time. The **TRND** allows to save up to 4 signals and the **TRNDV** allows to save up to 64 signals into the memory of the target device. The samples are stored synchronously during a task execution. This allows to store and observe very fast processes without losing a single sample.

The diagnostic tool of the **RexDraw** makes possible to show all the data stored in the memory of the **TRND** block in the *Watch* mode. To show a windows with all data signals shown in a graphical trend simply double-click on a **TRND** block while the **RexDraw** is in the *Watch* mode. A data may be zoomed, a scale and a range of both axes may be changed and the data may also be exported do a **CSV** file from the window.

### 3.4.3 Viewing System Log

A system log with error, warning and other informational messages with timestamps is present on every target device. A user may display a content of the system log directly

from the **RexView** selecting *Target/Show System Log* from the menu or by clicking on the icon on the toolbar. A content of the system log is uploaded and shown in a dialog. A user may browse all messages, filter the content or export selected items into a **CSV** file.

The types and severities of messages that are written to the system may be configured by selecting *Target/Configure System Log* from the menu. The *Safe print flags to the target* option must be selected if it is required to store the configuration of the system log permanently on the target device. A last saved configuration is loaded during the next system boot if the option remains unselected.

#### **3.4.4 Diagnostics**

A detailed diagnostics tool may be launched by clicking on *Target/Diagnostics* from the menu or by clicking on the icon on the toolbar. The tool provides all the functionality that was previously available separately in a stand-alone application, the **RexView**. The integration of the **RexView** application into the **RexDraw** brings many advantages such as sharing a single connection with the target device, faster start-up and better user experience. The diagnostic tool window is closed automatically when a user initiates a disconnection from the target device.

## Chapter 4

# Human-Machine Interface

Another option for signal monitoring is to use any of Human-Machine Interfaces that are available within the REX Control System. Please, see a documentation for the WWW block in the [1] where all options are described.

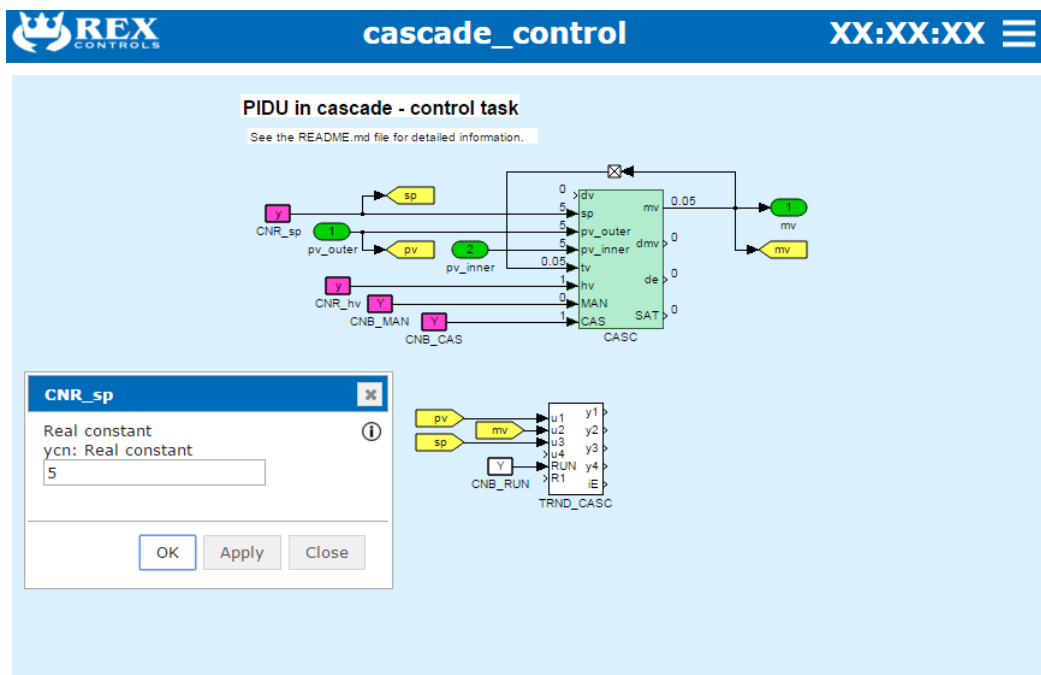


Figure 4.1: Online Monitoring Using a Web Interface

## Chapter 5

# Stand-alone Tools

### 5.1 RexView

The **RexView** may be started directly from the **RexDraw** by clicking on *Tools/RexView* from the menu or by clicking on the icon on the toolbar.

The **RexView** provides all the functionality that is also available from the diagnostic tool in the **RexDraw** in a stand-alone application.

### 5.2 RexHMI Designer

The **RexHMI Designer** may be started directly from the **RexDraw** by clicking on *Tools/RexHMI Designer* from the menu or by clicking on the icon on the toolbar.

## Chapter 6

# Supported Operating Systems

All 32bit and 64bit Windows 7 and later operating systems are supported by development tools of the REX Control System. Windows Vista may also work but we give no guarantee or support for this version.

Only RexView is supported to run on GNU/Linux operating system and only the Debian Linux distribution is supported. Other development tools are not supported on Linux yet.

It is also possible to run all development tools on GNU/Linux on a 32bit or 64bit x86 platform using *Wine* from [www.winehq.org](http://www.winehq.org). We actively test the REX installer for Windows in *Wine* and we are submitting patches to make everything work smoothly. User should have at least version 2.0 of *Wine* installed. A *corefonts* must be installed using the command `winetricks corefonts`. Nevertheless, we give no guarantee that everything works always as expected in *Wine* and we don't guarantee any support yet.

## Chapter 7

# Keyboard Shortcuts



<b>Keyboard shortcut</b>	<b>Function (as presented in the menu)</b>
CTRL+N	New File
CTRL+O	Open File
CTRL+S	Save File
CTRL+P	Print
CTRL+SHIFT+S	Save as
CTRL+Z	Undo
CTRL+Y	Redo
CTRL+A	Select All
CTRL+X	Cut
CTRL+C	Copy
CTRL+V	Paste
CTRL+R	Rotate Block Clockwise
CTRL+SHIFT+R	Rotate Block Counterclockwise
CTRL+E	Properties
CTRL+M	Subsystem Mask
CTRL+U	Look under Mask
CTRL+G	Create Subsystem
CTRL+L	Block Library
F2	Zoom In
F3	Zoom Out
F4	Zoom Default
F1	Help
F5	Compile
F6	Compile and Download
F7	Toggle Watch Mode
F8	Disconnect
F9	Connect
CTRL+W	Monitor Selection
CTRL+SHIFT+W	Exclude Selection

Table 7.1: Keyboard shortcuts in RexDraw

# List of Figures

1.1	Main Window of RexDraw . . . . .	4
2.1	Function block library . . . . .	10
2.2	Block Properties . . . . .	11
2.3	Connection Between Blocks . . . . .	12
3.1	Project Compilation and Download Dialog . . . . .	15
3.2	Missing License Notification . . . . .	16
3.3	DEMO License Dialog . . . . .	16
3.4	Insertion of a Licensing Key . . . . .	16
3.5	Monitoring and Diagnostics in the Watch Mode . . . . .	18
4.1	Online Monitoring Using a Web Interface . . . . .	20

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